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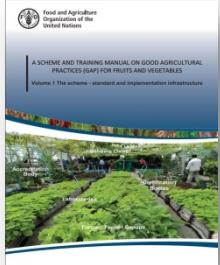
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Направление Развитие и управление на колекции, Д. Стоянова



## **Област на знанието: Хигиена на храненето**



**Сигнатура:** ЕК

**A Scheme and Training Manual on Good Agricultural Practices (GAP) for Fruits and Vegetables : Volume 1. The scheme - standard and implementation infrastructure, 2016.**

Food safety begins right from the stage of the farm. It is therefore important to follow Good Agricultural Practices at the farm level. Many countries do not have GAP standards or the institutional infrastructure for supporting the same in terms of their implementation, certification and accreditation infrastructure. This publication supports countries to establish an infrastructure in terms of standards, certification processes and accreditation systems in line with international standards and practices to facilitate regional and global trade. (fao.org)

**Предметни рубрики:** храни - безопасност ; плодове ; зеленчуци

**Област на знанието:** Горско стопанство



Сигнатура: ЕК

[FAO yearbook \[of\] forest products 2014 : 2010-2014= FAO annuaire \[des\] produits forestiers = FAO anuario \[de\] productos forestales, 2016.](#)

The FAO Yearbook of Forest Products is a compilation of statistical data on basic forest products for all countries and territories of the world. It contains series of annual data on the volume of production and the volume and value of trade in forest products. It includes tables showing direction of trade and average unit values of trade for certain products. Statistical information in

the yearbook is based primarily on data provided to the FAO Forestry Department by the countries through questionnaires or official publications. In the absence of official data, FAO makes an estimate based on the best information available. ([fao.org](http://fao.org))

**Предметни рубрики:** горска промишленост - продукция - статистика - света



Сигнатура: 630:311/FAO DL/Пр II 105 ; 49

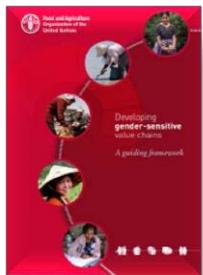
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**Предметни рубрики:** горска промишленост - продукция - статистика - света

**Област на знанието:** Селско стопанство



Сигнatura: ЕК

**Developing Gender-Sensitive Value Chains : a guiding framework, 2016.**

The purpose of this publication (part of the FAO series on sustainable food value chain development) is to facilitate the systematic integration of gender equality dimensions into value chain development programmes and projects. It raises awareness on gender inequalities and discusses the importance of addressing these dimensions in value chain development, while also building a common approach for work on gender-sensitive value chain development. It achieves this by bringing together key concepts from value chain development and gender and by providing concrete guiding principles for the integration of gender concerns into value chain development projects and programmes. This conceptual framework has a companion publication, Developing gender-sensitive value chains: Guidelines for practitioners, which provides specific tools to support practitioners in designing, implementing and monitoring gender-sensitive value chain programmes. (fao.org) **Предметни рубрики:** **селско стопанство – равенство на половете – Кто д'Ивоар ; джендър**



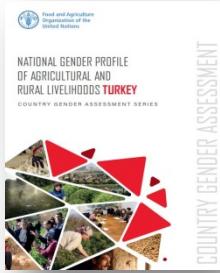
### **Сигнатура: ЕК**

[New directions for Inclusive Pluralistic Service Systems : report of FAO expert consultation, Rome, 11-13 May 2016, 2016.](#)

A growing variety of public and private agricultural advisory services are available today, leading to increasingly pluralistic service systems (PSS) in which advisory services are provided by different actors and funding sources. PSS hold the potential to overcome constraints related to funding, staffing and expertise, and making advisory services more demand-driven. But are PSS really able to reach the millions of farmers in need of services. What are the characteristics of PSS necessary to improve access to services for diverse small-scale farmers. What actors, policies and mechanisms are needed to make such a system work in practice. How can public and private actors support service providers in improving the quality, relevance and reach of their services. These were some of the questions raised by FAO Expert Consultation on Inclusive PSS. This paper

presents a synthesis of deliberations, and a set of policy recommendations and priority actions.  
(fao.org)

Предметни рубрики: земеделие – дребни производители – инвестиции ; консултантски услуги



**Сигнатура:** ЕК

### National Gender Profile of Agriculture and Rural Livelihoods: Turkey, 2016.

The National Gender Profile of Agricultural and Rural Livelihoods is part of the project GCP/SEC/008/TUR, which contributes to the Regional Initiative 1 for the REU Region and to the SO3 by improving knowledge for evidence-based policies. The purpose of the National Gender Profile of Agricultural and Rural Livelihoods - Turkey is to contribute to the production of knowledge for better informed, targeted and gender sensitive actions in agriculture and rural development. It is meant to inform FAO professionals, other UN agencies, staff from the

government of Kyrgyzstan, NGOs and professionals who work in agriculture and rural development in Turkey. It is also meant to be an awareness-raising tool for the wider public. This national profile points out some of the major gender inequalities that need to be considered by policy makers and project managers according to available data, and identifies further research needs. Within the project, national gender profiles of agricultural and rural livelihoods have been produced for Turkey, Tajikistan and the Kyrgyz Republic. (*fao.org*)

**Предметни рубрики:** селско стопанство - равенство на половете - Турция ; джендър



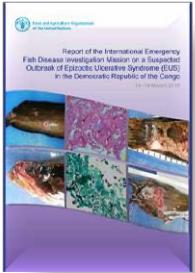
Сигнатура: ЕК

[Towards inclusive Pluralistic Service Systems : insights for innovative thinking, 2016.](#)

This publication was prepared as a background document for the FAO Expert

Consultation on New Directions for Inclusive Pluralistic Service Systems held in Rome, Italy from 11 to 13 May 2016. The paper stems from an ongoing collaboration between FAO and the Royal Tropical Institute (KIT) on pluralistic service systems (PSS), led by May Hani, Institutions and Rural Services Policy Officer, and Magdalena Blum, Extension Systems Officer (FAO), as part of FAO's work on improving Access to Rural Services under Strategic Programme 3 Reducing Rural Poverty. At KIT, the work is headed by Verena Bitzer and Mariana Wongtschowski, with contributions from Ingrid Flink. The authors express their gratitude to all participants at the FAO Expert Consultation on Inclusive PSS for the rich insights and feedback provided. Special appreciation is due to Richard Batley, University of Birmingham, Peter Schmidt, HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation (Helvetas), Kees Blokland, Agriterra, and Dan Kisausi, African Forum for Agricultural Advisory Services (AFAAS), for their review of and comments on a previous version of the paper. Several people from FAO and KIT contributed to the realization of this work. Special thanks go to Willem Heemskerk (KIT) for his insightful feedback on an earlier draft, to Regina Laub, Senior Officer (FAO) for reviewing the final draft, and to Chiara Taglioni and Francesca Cofini (FAO) for their inputs and support throughout. Finally, the authors would like to thank Pietro Bartoleschi for design and layout, Ruth Duffy for final editing, and Christine Legault for publishing oversight. (fao.org)

Област на знанието: Лов. Риболов. Рибно стопанство



Сигнатура: ЕК

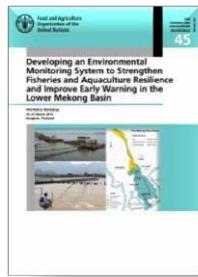
**Report of the International Emergency Fish Disease Investigation Mission on a Suspected Outbreak of Epizootic Ulcerative Syndrome (EUS) in the Democratic Republic of Congo, 13-19 March 2015 [Текст : Електронен ресурс], 2017.**

**Анотация:** In response to a request for an emergency technical assistance from the Government of the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) in connection with a serious disease affecting fish in Lokame River in Loko and in Mbanza Oton, 60 km from Gbadolite, FAO formed an International Emergency Disease Investigation Task Force. The overall objective of the Task Force was to confirm that an outbreak was happening; establish a case definition and presumptive diagnosis of

the causative agent; collect and process fish samples for relevant laboratory tests; identify risk factors, confirm diagnosis and define further investigation or follow-up work; recommend border/cross border control measures to prevent further spread of the disease; identify specific short-term and medium-term biosecurity action plans that the government may undertake; and provide further recommendations to FAO on how to prevent the further spread of the disease. Some members of the Task Force travelled to DRC from 13 to 19 March 2015, conducted field investigations and laboratory test and has confirmed the presence of the epizootic ulcerative syndrome (EUS) using three recommended confirmatory tests such as: demonstration of mycotic granulomas and fungal structures in stained histological sections, isolation of *Aphanomyces invadans* on culture media and positive identification by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) of *A. invadans* genomic DNA. The Task Force concluded that permissive factors that favoured the propagation, infectivity and disease occurrence of EUS occur in the rivers and streams investigated in the Equateur Province of DRC. The findings also showed that environmental, climatic, water quality and human demographic conditions in the Congo River basin support the possibility of pandemic spread of the disease. The Task Force suggested several actions which need to be undertaken to curb the spread of the outbreak. These include active surveillance and monitoring of fish markets and other food channels used in the movement of live fish, capacity building for involved government personnel to strengthen knowledge and expertise in the identification and

control of the disease through biosecurity measures, continued dialogue among DRC, neighbouring countries and FAO about EUS status including subregional disease surveillance, monitoring, and response programmes, and the formulation of a national aquatic biosecurity strategy for DRC.  
(fao.org)

**Предметни рубрики:** **риби, сладководни – инфекциозни болести – EUS – Конго ; контрол ; биосигурност**



Сигнатура: **ЕК**

***Virapat, Cherdtrakul и др.* Developing an Environmental Monitoring System to Strengthen Fisheries and Aquaculture Resilience and Improve Early Warning in the Lower Mekong Basin [Текст : Електронен ресурс] : FAO/NACA Workshop 25-27 March 2015, Bangkok, Thailand, 2017.**

**Анотация:** These proceedings report the result of a sub-regional consultation on the existence and effectiveness of environmental monitoring systems for fisheries and aquaculture in the Lower Mekong basin. The document also includes a baseline assessment of environmental monitoring systems in Cambodia, Thailand and Vietnam, and the report of a region workshop to discuss the assessments findings and future steps to improve an environmental monitoring and early warnin system that will improve climate change adaptation in fisheries and aquaculture in the area. (fao.org)

**Предметни рубрики:** **риболов – Меконг ; рибарство ; аквакултури ; околнна среда – мониторинг**



Сигнатура: ЕК

[\*\*van der Ploeg, J. Family farming in Europe and Central Asia : history, characteristics, threats and potentials, 2016.\*\*](#)

This paper presents an analysis of the characteristics of family farming in Europe and Central Asia and discusses its role in overcoming some of the major development challenges in this region. This paper addresses three basic questions. First, what does the family farm mean for the actors involved in it. Secondly, why, how and under what conditions is family farming important to society as a whole. And thirdly, will family farming be relevant, attractive and important in the future of Europe and Central Asia. The paper also presents some key recommendations and discusses the enabling policy environment that should be built and deployed to overcome the challenges family farmers face. (*fao.org*)

**Предметни рубрики:** семейни ферми - устойчиво земеделие - Европа ; Азия