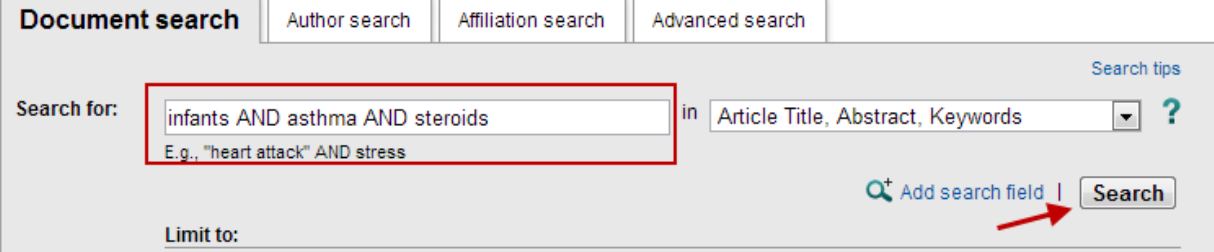


How to Find a Journal to Publish in Using Scopus


This guide is designed to show Duquesne faculty how to use the Scopus database to identify potential journals in which to publish.

1. Go to [Scopus](#) and enter keywords describing your manuscript's topic then click Search.
 - a. For example, if your article is about using steroids to treat infants diagnosed with asthma, you could enter: **infants AND asthma AND steroids**



The screenshot shows the Scopus search interface. At the top, there are tabs for "Document search", "Author search", "Affiliation search", and "Advanced search". The "Document search" tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a search bar with the text "infants AND asthma AND steroids" and a dropdown menu set to "Article Title, Abstract, Keywords". A red box highlights the search bar. To the right of the search bar is a "Search tips" link and a question mark icon. Below the search bar, there is a "Limit to:" label. To the right of the search bar, there is a "Search" button with a magnifying glass icon and a red arrow pointing to it.

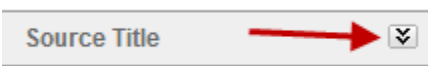
2. To the left of your results, you will see a list of limiters (year, author name, subject area, etc.):



The screenshot shows the "Refine results" sidebar in Scopus. It has two buttons: "Limit to" and "Exclude". Below the buttons, there are three sections of limiters:

- Year**: A list of years from 2013 to 2009 with checkboxes and counts in parentheses. 2013 has 7 results, 2012 has 38, 2011 has 36, 2010 has 36, and 2009 has 44. A "View more" link is below the list.
- Author Name**: A list of author names with checkboxes and counts in parentheses. Bush, A. has 11 results, Bisgaard, H. has 10, Delacourt, C. has 6, Price, J.F. has 6, and Baraldi, E. has 5. A "View more" link is below the list.
- Subject Area**: A section with a checkbox and a double arrow icon.

3. Scroll down and then click the double arrow next to **Source Title**:



The screenshot shows a dropdown menu labeled "Source Title". A red arrow points to the double arrow icon on the right side of the dropdown.

4. You will now see a list of journals containing articles that included your search terms:

[View more](#)

Source Title	
<input type="checkbox"/> Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology	(34) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Pediatric Pulmonology	(26) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Pediatrics	(23) >
<input type="checkbox"/> American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine	(20) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Archives of Disease in Childhood	(19) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Thorax	(14) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Pediatric Emergency Care	(13) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Chest	(12) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Annals of Allergy Asthma and Immunology	(12) >
<input type="checkbox"/> Respiratory Medicine	(12) >

[View more](#) | [View fewer](#)

Notice the number of articles that each journal has published on your topic.

5. To analyze your results further, click **Analyze Results** at the top of the results page:

Your query: TITLE-ABS-KEY(**infants AND asthma AND steroids**)

[Edit](#) | [Save](#) | [Set alert](#) | [Set feed](#)

[View secondary documents](#) | [Go to results: 19 Web](#)

750 document results [Analyze results](#) [Show all abstracts](#)

All [Download](#) | [Export](#) | [View citation overview](#) | [View](#)

Page

Document title

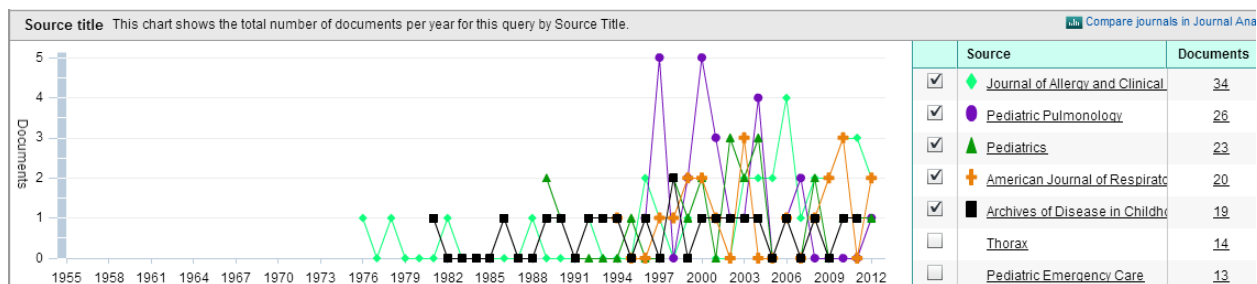
1 [Receipt of systemic corticosteroids during asthma visits to US er departments, 2007-2009](#)

[SFX](#) | [Show abstract](#) | [R](#)

6. Click **Source title** to view a graph of the journal titles:



7. You will now see a graph depicting the total number of articles published per year for your search query by journal title:



Click on each journal title to view additional information including journal metrics.

8. Now that you've located potential journals in which to publish, be sure to evaluate each journal for [quality](#).

You can also use [Publish or Perish](#) to identify possible journals in which to publish.

For assistance, please contact the [library](#).